

TED (15) - 2004

(REVISION - 2015)

## SECOND SEMESTER DIPLOMA EXAMINATION IN ENGINEERING/TECHNOLOGY — APRIL, 2017

## ENGINEERING CHEMISTRY - II

(Common to all branches except DCP & CABM)

[Time: 3 hours

(Maximum marks: 100)

## PART - A

(Maximum marks: 10)

Marks

(3+3=6)

- I Answer the following questions in one or two sentences. Each question carries 2 marks.
  - 1. Why are Bohr's orbit called energy levels?
  - 2. What are strong and weak electrolytes?
  - 3. Name one synthetic polymer which is an amide and give its monomer.
  - 4. Name two gases which are responsible for green house effect.
  - 5. Which type of metal can be used in cathodic protection of iron against rusting?  $(5 \times 2 = 10)$

## PART -- B

(Maximum marks: 30)

- II Answer any five questions from the following. Each question carries 6 marks.
  - 1. (a) Write any three differences between ionic and covalent compounds.
    - (b) What is hydrogen bonding? Illustrate with an example.
  - 2. (a) State Faraday's second law of electrolysis and give its mathematical expression.
    - (b) What is rust? List the conditions of rusting. (3+3-6)
  - 3. (a) What is the uniqueness of carbon atom?
    - (b) What is condensation polymerization? Give one example. (3+3=6)
  - 4. (a) Write the constituents of the following gaseous fuels.
    - (i) Blue gas (ii) Producer gas (iii) Gobar gas
    - (b) Write one effect each for the following air pollutants.
    - (i) CO (ii) NO<sub>2</sub> (iii) SO<sub>2</sub> (3+3-6)

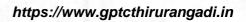


|     |     |       |   | Marks          |
|-----|-----|-------|---|----------------|
|     | 5.  | (a)   | What is electroplating and any two purposes of electroplating?  | Warks          |
|     |     | (b)   |   | (3+3=6)        |
|     | 6.  | (a)   | Distinguish between orbit and orbital.  |                |
|     |     | (b)   | Write the principle and azimuthal quantum numbers of the following orbitals.  |                |
|     |     |       | (i) 5d (ii) 4s (iii) 4f   | (3+3=6)        |
|     | 7.  | (a) · | Write the monomers of the following polymers.   |                |
|     |     |       | (i) Nylon6 (ii) Buna-S (iii) Bakelite   |                |
|     |     | (b)   | Give a brief description about photochemical smog.  | (3+3=6)        |
|     |     |       |   |                |
|     |     |       | PART — C  |                |
|     |     |       | (Maximum marks : 60)  |                |
|     | (A  | nswe  | er one full question from each unit. Each full question carries 15 marks  | s.)            |
|     |     |       | Unit — I  |                |
| III | (a) | velo  | the Heisenberg's uncertainty principle. The uncertainty in the position a particle are 0.1m and $5.27 \times 10^{-24} \text{ ms}^{-1}$ respectively. Calculators of the particle. (h = $6.625 \times 10^{-34} \text{ kgm}^2 \text{ s}^{-1}$ )   | and<br>ate     |
|     | (b) | State | e octet rule. Show how octet rule is followed in the formation of oxyg<br>nitrogen molecules.   | gen 5          |
|     | (c) |       | w the shape of $s$ , $p_x$ , $p_y$ and $p_z$ orbitals.  | 4              |
|     |     |       | Or  |                |
| IV  | (a) | of a  | te de Broglie relationship and explain the terms. Calculate the waveleng body of mass $10^{-7}$ kg moving with a velocity of $10 \text{ ms}^{-1}$ .<br>= $6.625 \times 10^{-34} \text{ kgm}^2 \text{ s}^{-1}$ )                                 | gth 6          |
|     | (b) | here  | the Pauli's exclusion principle. The ground state electronic configuration 1 are incorrect. Explain what mistakes have been made in each and varieties electronic configuration.  A1 - 1 $s^2$ , 2 $s^2$ , 2 $p^4$ , 3 $s^2$ , 3 $p^3$          | isted<br>write |
|     |     |       | $B - 1s^2, 2s^2, 2p^5$  |                |
|     |     |       | $F - 1s^2, 2s^2, 2p^6$  | 5              |
|     | (c) |       | nat is a dative bond? Give two examples.  | 4              |
|     |     |       | Unit — II   |                |
| V   | (a) | din   | ite down the cell reaction, cell notation and compute e.m.f.: A strip of ped in $Ni^{2+}$ ions solution and a strip of Ag dipped in a solution of $Ag^{+}$ combined to form a cell. Given $E^{0}Ni^{2+}/Ni = -0.24V$ , $E^{0}Ag^{+}/Ag = 0.796$ | ions           |
|     | (b) |       | nat is electrochemical series? Give any three applications of electrochemical series?   |                |
|     | (c) |       | plain the chemistry behind rusting of iron.   | 4              |



Marks

| VI   | (a) | Certain galvanic cells are designed to convert chemical energy directly to electrical energy:             |   |
|------|-----|---|---|
|      |     | (i) Name the above type of galvanic cells and one example for it  |   |
|      |     | (ii) Represent the reaction taking place at the electrodes and net cell reaction of the above cell        |   |
|      |     | (iii) Mention any two applications of the above cell.   | 6 |
|      | (b) | What is anodising and mention any two purposes of it?   | 5 |
|      | (c) | List any four methods to control corrosion.   | 4 |
|      |     | Unit — III  |   |
| VII  | (a) | Distinguish between thermoplastics and thermosetting plastics. Give two examples for each.                | 6 |
|      | (b) | What are refractories? How is it classified? Give one example for each.                                   | 5 |
|      | (c) | Write two tests to distinguish between saturated and unsaturated organic compounds.                       | 4 |
|      |     | . Or  |   |
| VIII | (a) | Distinguish between homopolymers and copolymers with two examples for each.                               | 6 |
|      | (b) | What is vulcanization? List any three properties of vulcanized rubber.                                    | 5 |
|      | (c) | What is an optical fibre? Give three uses of it.  | 4 |
|      |     | Unit — IV   |   |
| IX   | (a) | Explain cracking with an example. Mention any two advantages of catalytic cracking over thermal cracking. | 6 |
|      | (b) | What is acid rain and give any three consequences of it?  | 5 |
|      | (c) | What are the basic aims of green chemistry?   | 4 |
|      |     | OR  |   |
| X    | (a) | Define calorific value of a fuel. List any four qualities of a good fuel.                                 | 6 |
|      | (b) | Compare solid, liquid and gaseous fuels.  | 5 |
|      | (c) | What are pollutants? How are they classified? Give two examples.  | 4 |





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