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DIPLOMA EXAMINATION IN ENGINEERING/TECHNOLOGY/MANAGEMENT/ COMMERCIAL PRACTICE – NOVEMBER - 2022

APPLIED CHEMISTRY

(Maximum Marks : 75) [Time : 3 hours]

PART-A

I. Answer all the following questions in one word or sentence. Each question carries 1 mark.

(9x1=9 marks)

Module Cognitive Outcome level In an atom, no two electrons can have same set of four 1 M 1.02 U quantum numbers. This is called.....principle. 2 R Give an example of an ionic compound. M 1.03 What is the end point of a titration? M2.01 U 3 A solution has a pH of 7. What would happen to the pH if H⁺ 4 M2.02A ion is added to the solution? Define hard water. M2.035 R What are the monomers of Bakelite? M3.02 R 6 7 Define nanomaterial. M3.03 R 8 Name one antirust solution. M4.05 R 9 What is electrochemical equivalent of a substance? M4.02R

PART - B

II. Answer any Eight questions from the following. Each question carries 3 marks.

(8x3=24	4marks)
Module	Cognitive

		Outcome	level
1	Write all quantum numbers of electron present in the outer most	M 1.02	U
	shell of sodium. (Atomic number of Na = 11)		
2	Explain co-ordinate bond with an example.	M 1.03	U
3	What is ionic product of water? Write its mathematical statement.	M2.02	U
4	Calculate the normality of KOH solution containing 2.8g in 250ml.	M2.01	A
5	Explain Soda lime process for the removal of hardness of water.	M2.03	U
6	Define an alloy. What are the components of solder?	M3.01	R
7	What is borosilicate glass? Give one of its uses.	M3.01	R
8	What is an addition polymer? Give one example.	M3.02	U
9	Distinguish between strong and weak electrolytes with one example	M4.03	U
	for each.		
10	What are the factors affecting the rate of corrosion?	M4.05	U





Answer all questions from the following. Each question carries 7 marks.

(6x7=42marks)

Module Cognitive
Outcome level

III	Explain the formation of ionic and covalent bond with one example for each. (7marks)	M2.03	U
	OR		
IV	uncertainty in the velocity of an electron, if the uncertainty in position is 10 ⁻⁸ m. (h=6.625 x 10 ⁻³⁴ kgm ² s ⁻¹ , m=9.1 x 10 ⁻³¹ kg)		U
	b) Define orbital. (5 marks) (2 marks)	M2.02	R
V	a) Define normality and molarity. Write the formulae to calculate molarity and normality. Calculate the molarity of H_2SO_4 solution containing 4.9 g acid in 600ml. (Molecular weight of $H_2SO_4 = 98$) (5 marks)	M2.01	A
	b) What is an indicator? (2 marks)	M2.01	R
	OR		
VI	a) What is potable water? List the characteristics of potable water. (5 marks)	M2.04	R
	b) Explain any one method for the sterilization of water. (2 marks)	M2.04	U
VII	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		A
	(5 marks)		
	b) What is acid buffer? Give one example. (2 marks)	M2.02	R
	OR		
VIII	a) Explain ion-exchange method for the removal of hardness of water. (5 marks)		U
	b) Give any two disadvantages of using hard water in boilers. (2 marks)	M2.03	U
IX	a) List any five applications of nanomaterials. (5 marks)	M3.03	R
	b)Give any two purposes of making alloys. (2 marks)	M3.01	R
	OR		
X	a) List the differences between thermo plastics and thermosetting		
	plastics. Give one example for each. (5 marks)	M3.02	U
	b) Write the monomers of Buna-N and Buna-S. (2 marks)	M3.02	R
XI	Define electrolysis. Explain electrolytic refining of copper. (7 marks)	M4.03	U



	OR http	os://www.gp	cthiruran	gadi.in
XII	a) What is an electrochemical cell? Write the electrode and net cell reaction of Daniel cell.	e reactions (5 marks)	M4.04	U
	b) What is anodizing?	(2 marks)	M4.05	R
XIII	II a) Distinguish between metallic conductors and electrolytic		M4.03	U
	conductors. Give one example for each.	(5 marks)		
	b) What is a primary cell? Give one example.	(2 marks)	M4.04	R
	OR			
XIV	of electricity is passed through an aqueous solution of AgNO ₃ and CuSO ₄ solution connected in series. The amount of silver		M4.02	A
	deposited is 1.08 g. What will be the amount of copper			
	deposited? (Equivalent mass of copper = $31.7g$ and mass of silver = $108 g$).			
	b) What is corrosion?	(2 marks)	M4.05	R
